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Stations	Dep.	Arr.	Dep.	Arr.	Dep.	Arr.	Dep.	Arr.
Kowloon	6.40	9.15	10.30	12.00	1.15	4.35	5.20	7.10
Yanmat	6.50	9.24	10.39	12.09	1.24	4.44	5.29	7.19
Shatin	7.02	9.36	10.41	12.11	1.36	4.56	5.31	7.21
Taipei	7.16	9.49	10.54	12.24	1.49	5.09	5.44	7.34
Taipei Market	7.21	9.54	10.59	12.29	1.54	5.14	5.49	7.39
Fanning	7.32	10.03	11.08	12.38	2.03	5.24	5.49	7.48
Shungshui	7.38	10.07	11.12	12.42	2.07	5.28	5.53	7.52
Shumchun	7.42	10.11	11.16	12.46	2.11	5.32	5.57	7.56

SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

Stations	Dep.	Arr.	Dep.	Arr.	Dep.	Arr.	Dep.	Arr.
Kowloon	6.40	9.15	10.30	12.00	1.15	4.35	5.20	7.10
Yanmat	6.50	9.24	10.39	12.09	1.24	4.44	5.29	7.19
Shatin	7.02	9.36	10.41	12.11	1.36	4.56	5.31	7.21
Taipei	7.16	9.49	10.54	12.24	1.49	5.09	5.44	7.34
Taipei Market	7.21	9.54	10.59	12.29	1.54	5.14	5.49	7.39
Fanning	7.32	10.03	11.08	12.38	2.03	5.24	5.49	7.48
Shungshui	7.38	10.07	11.12	12.42	2.07	5.28	5.53	7.52
Shumchun	7.42	10.11	11.16	12.46	2.11	5.32	5.57	7.56

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Stations	Dep.	Arr.	Stations	Dep.	Arr.
Fanning	7.45	11.30	Shumchun	6.30	10.15
Shumchun	8.40	12.25	Fanning	7.25	11.10

Stations	Dep.	Arr.	Stations	Dep.	Arr.
Fanning	7.45	11.30	Shumchun	6.30	10.15
Shumchun	8.40	12.25	Fanning	7.25	11.10

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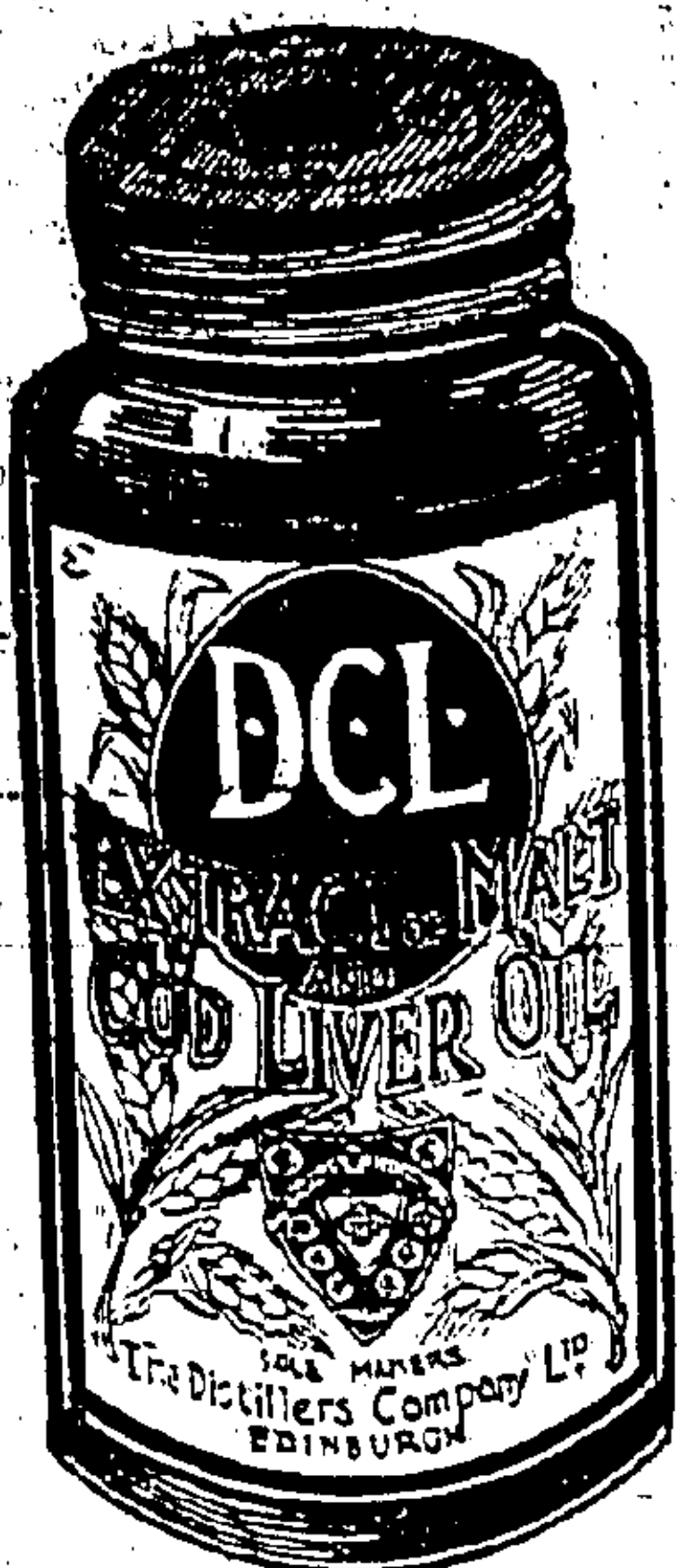
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RESTORATION OF EUROPE.

SIR W. GOODE'S PLEA.

Sir William Goode, who has played a prominent, though unofficial, part in the work of reconstruction in Central Europe, delivered an address on December 11th before the No-More-War Congress at Church House, Westminster.

The dominating theme in his address was that calling for breadth of vision in the appraisal of post-war conditions in Europe. He entered a plea for considerations of commonsense and forbearance as opposed to the straitlaced methods of "perpetual tribute" and "written constitutions."

Sir William said that it seemed to him that the events of the last five years had made it quite clear that the system of perpetual tribute was not applicable to modern conditions and in certain eventualities might become positively harmful to those who endeavoured to exact it. He asked them to recall for a moment what happened after the Armistice. In order to avert the anarchy that threatened to follow on national exhaustion and starvation, the British Government, despite its diminished resources, was compelled to provide 22 million sterling in relief loans for Central Europe. The great part of that money was expended in ex-enemy countries. The United States also provided over 100 million sterling and with contributions from Allied and associated Governments amounted approximately to 133 million sterling. With one hand they were paying millions to keep their former enemies alive and with the other perfecting a plan whereby they should exact from them perpetual tribute.

In those days, he said, it was little short of treason to doubt the practicability of extracting Cargantuan sums from nations which had been reduced to moral and economic pulp or to question the probability of their revival under the disadvantage of perpetual bondage. Then came the case of Austria. As President of the Reparation Commission in Paris a report signed by the nine Allied and associated Powers stating it was impossible to enforce the reparation clauses, and that Austria would cease to exist as a political entity unless external assistance was provided. The Commission forwarded that report with unanimity to the Allied Powers. After a long and for Austria, tragic delay, the Powers came to the conclusion that perpetual tribute, at any rate in this generation, would not work in the case of Austria, and themselves guaranteed for that country a loan of 27 million sterling through the League of Nations. Most of that loan was provided by the people of this country and of the United States.

It might have been thought that this, coming on top of the many millions in relief expenditure, would have shaken Allied belief in the infallibility or profit of the Treaty reparation system. He believed that in this country and the United States it did, but not in the Continent. When it was found that Hungary was threatened with the same plight as Austria the same objections and obstructions were tenaciously raised. After negotiations lasting a year, the Powers again came to the conclusion that the reparation system could not be put into the full execution provided by the Treaty, and gave their moral and material support for a League loan of about 12 million sterling for Hungarian reconstruction. Most of that loan also was raised in this country. Then, at long last, came the German settlement and the Dawes plan, by which, to quote Mr. Keynes, "the reparations bill should be shouldered, in the first instance at least, by Great Britain and the United States."

THE FALLACY OF "WRITTEN CONSTITUTIONS."

The more he had to do with the Treaties of Peace, Sir William continued, and particularly with the reparation provisions, the more he felt that those Treaties had created in effect a written constitution for the greater part of Europe. During his work of preparing the way in Austria and Hungary for reconstruction he found by hard experience that in those reparation countries there was scarcely any normal function of the State which was not regulated or restricted or affected by the Treaty. So long as the sword of perpetual tribute was not lifted there was no revenue or asset which these States could safely call their own; no serious measure they could freely take affecting the maintenance of internal order or national defence or for the improvement of their financial and economic status or of their transport by land, water, or air without reference to the Treaty. The result was not merely to tie the vanquished to the victors' chariot, but also to restrict in many directions the freedom of action of the victorious nations themselves. It was not possible to write a constitution for one half of Europe only. The financial and economic issues of both halves were interlocking, notably in the case of reparation with inter-Allied debts. The more statesmen and the public realized the extent to which the signing of the Peace Treaties committed Great Britain to becoming party to what in practice was a written constitution for Europe, the more they would resent a restriction which had never been tolerated in their own domestic affairs.

It might naturally be asked, said Sir William, if he were advocating action for the revision of the Treaties. His answer was that it would be right, but at the moment not expedient. With the greatest good of the greatest number depending so vitally upon the dawning stability of political and economic and financial factors, he felt that even the evils of the Treaties were for the time being, and for the time being only, preferable to the uncertainty and upheaval which revision at this stage would create. "Moreover," he added, "we are only just beginning to view our peace-handwork in common-sense perspective; we have not yet arrived at the point where we can be just."

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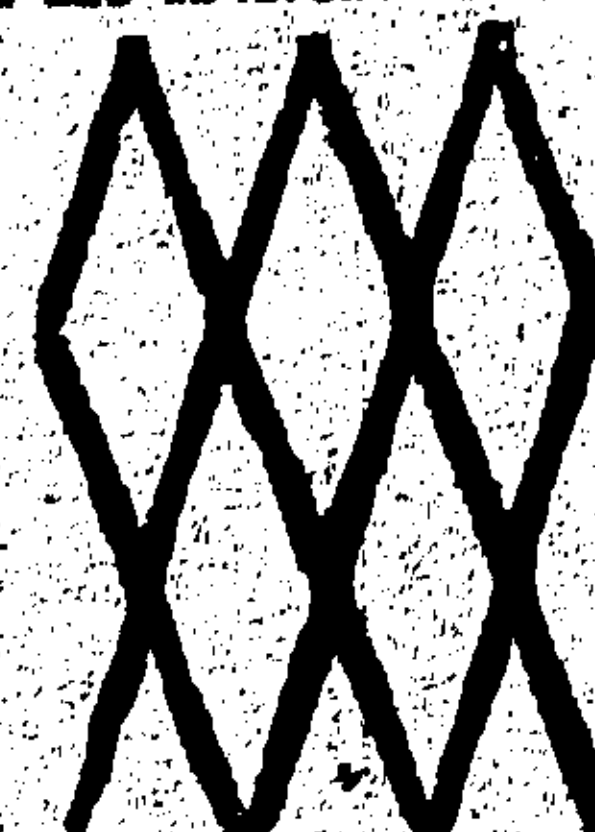
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malnutrition and its resultant ailment, anaemia,
bloodlessness, impaired vitality,
Convalescence, senile decay of the nervous system,
after-effects of tropical anaemia and one-sided diet,
etc.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH. ANNUAL VESTRY MEETING.

The annual meeting of St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon, was held in the Church Hall yesterday evening, the Vicar, the Rev. G. R. Lindsay, presiding.

Mr. A. E. Farrell, the Hon. Treasurer presented the annual financial statement, and with regard to an item of \$1,000 for building maintenance, stated that owing to damage caused by white ants, it had been found necessary to re-wire the Vicarage throughout.

Addressing the meeting, the Vicar commented with pleasure on the large attendance, and said that he hoped that all the members of the church would share the obvious interest in all departments of the working of St. Andrew's, and as far as possible give a helping hand. Referring to the abolition of pew rents which came about during the past year, the speaker said that the step had been fully justified. He felt that it was essentially a legitimate and right one.

After alluding at some length to the loyal and consistently able church work done by Mr. R. Packham for eighteen years, the Vicar asked his acceptance of a clock with Westminster chiming, and a cheque of \$806.35 as tokens of the esteem and affection of the congregation, prior to Mr. Packham's departure for Home on retirement.

Mr. Packham, who spoke with evident emotion, made a brief speech of thanks which was heartily applauded. The Vicar subsequently handed tokens of remembrance to Mrs. and Miss Packham—a wristlet watch and a gold-mounted fountain-pen respectively.

[Mr. R. Packham, who came to the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company in 1909 and has remained with the firm ever since, has served continuously as churchwarden at St. Andrew's for eighteen years.]

The Vestry for the forthcoming year consists of—

The Rev. G. R. Lindsay, M.A., Vicar, the Rev. G. E. Arrowsmith, M.A., the Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., and Messrs. Mitchell, A. W. Smith, Whitley, Tofts, Padbury, and J. J. Robson. Churchwardens: Messrs. J. Robson and A. W. Smith. Hon. Auditor: Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G. Hon. Secretary: Mr. A. W. Smith and Hon. Treasurer: Mr. A. E. Farrell.

LOCAL SPORT.

HONGKONG RIFLE LEAGUE.

A triangular match was held at Tai Koo Rifle Range on Saturday, the 17th inst., between the East Surrey Rifle Club, H.M.S. Hawkins and H.M.S. Hawkins Marine Rifle Club, H.M.S. Hawkins being the winners over the two other teams. Weather conditions at 200 and 300 yards were very good. At 600 yards, shooting was finished in the rain. Below are the scores and League table up to week ending 18th inst.:

H.M.S. "HAWKINS" RIFLE CLUB.	200	300	400	Total
Name	yds.	yds.	yds.	pts.
P.P. A. Lewry	34	28	27	79
Mid. V. Mansel	24	28	27	79
P.O. A. C. Thoday	20	28	27	75
L.S. S. Thoday	24	28	27	79
Lt.-Col. H. P. P.				
Hutton	25	29	22	76
A.B. L. Ring	27	31	17	75
P.O. H. Page	25	29	13	67
P.O. W. Marling	19	28	14	61
Total	208	223	183	394

H.M.S. "HAWKINS" MARINE RIFLE CLUB.	200	300	400	Total
Sgt. W. Atkins	25	28	24	77
Mne. W. Spence	24	28	21	73
Cpl. G. Gerald	26	28	21	75
Cpl. C. Douglas	22	28	23	73
Mne. W. Hunt	26	33	14	73
Mne. R. Terry	22	19	21	62
Capt. H. A. P.				
De Berry	22	20	12	54
Col.-Sergt. W. Gossett	19	12	14	45
Total	183	106	153	335

EAST SURREY RIFLE CLUB.	200	300	400	Total
Major Drake	28	27	24	79
C.Q.M.S.				
E. Franklin	28	30	25	77
Sgt. A. Sales	22	28	17	67
Sgt. R. Hicks	22	27	18	67
C.Q.M.S. C. Estell	23	25	15	63
C.Q.M.S. C. Wise	25	24	7	56
Pte. E. Dickson	22	23	9	54
Pte. J. Dentry	20	21	7	48
Total	185	205	122	512

LEAGUE TABLE.

Week Ending January 18th, 1925.	Shot.	Win.	Lost.	Pts.
H.M.S. Hawkins	4	4	0	8
Signal Arm Club	4	3	1	8
Hawkins Marines	4	2	2	4
Tai Koo Rifle Club	2	2	0	4
1st Bn. East Surrey	4	1	3	2
B.N. Dockyard	1	0	1	0
25th Bty. R.G.A.	5	0	5	0
H.K.V.D. Corps	0	0	0	0

CINEMA NOTES.

THE CORONET.

"My American Wife" has been shown at the Coronet. It has more than fulfilled all the anticipations. The verdict on "My American Wife" was forthcoming last night long before the time came for the "jury" to "retire." It is good to get away from the atmosphere of most pictures and be transported for the nonce into the congenial environs of Buenos Aires, the capital of the Argentine Republic—the Paris of Latin America. And it is good and refreshing to see a good "racy" picture—racy in the sporting sense of the term, particularly as the public mind will soon be filled with gossip over the chances of the ponies at the Hongkong Jockey Club's annual meeting—following "My American Wife" is that delightful film showing Charlie Chaplin in "The Floor-walker."



Hope or Curiosity

I think sometimes the word "curiosity" is just another name for "hope." You might fancy that it was curiosity that made you smoke your first Kensitas—no, sir, it was really hope, the hope that you would find Kensitas a really good cigarette, better than the kind you had been smoking.

But it is a fact, sir, that after you smoked that first Kensitas and experienced the cool, rare old blend of prime Virginia you continued to smoke Kensitas, because you found that Kensitas are . . . "as good as really good cigarettes can be."

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HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

JANUARY 20TH, 1925.	
Hongkong and Shanghai	\$1,190 b. \$12,001,205 ss.
Banks	\$755 nom.
Canton Insurance	\$715 nom.
Hongkong Fire Insurance	\$280 b.
Union Insurance	\$57 b.
Shanghai Dock	\$382 b.
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$139 b.
Waterworks	\$19 b.
"Shell" Transports	\$20 nom.
China Sugar	\$22 nom.
Langkate (combined)	\$152 s.
Kowloon Wharves	\$108 nom.
Whampoa Dock	\$118 b.
H.K. & S. Hotels	(old) \$117 s.
Hongkong Land	\$106 b. \$109 ss.
Humphreys Estate	\$12.60 b.
Ewo Mills	(old) \$14 nom.
Shanghai Cotton	\$224 b. \$227 b.
Crestalpa (combined)	\$224 b. \$227 b.
China Lights (combined)	\$25 b.
Provident	(old) \$193 s.
Dairy Farms	(new) \$250 b.
Electric	\$24 b.
Hongkong Docks	(combined) \$58 nom.
Watsons	(old) \$224 nom.
Watsons	(new) \$144 b. & ss.
Peak Tram (old)	\$28 s.
Peak Tram (new)	\$28 s.

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in
MY AMERICAN WIFE

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

in
THE FLOOR WALKER

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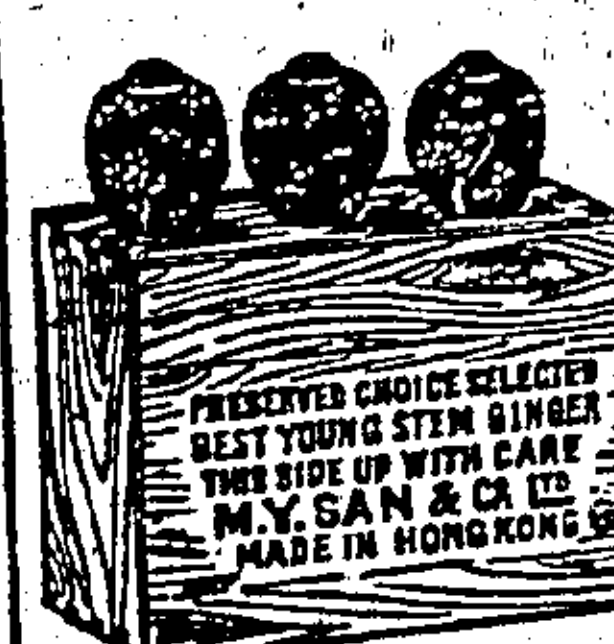
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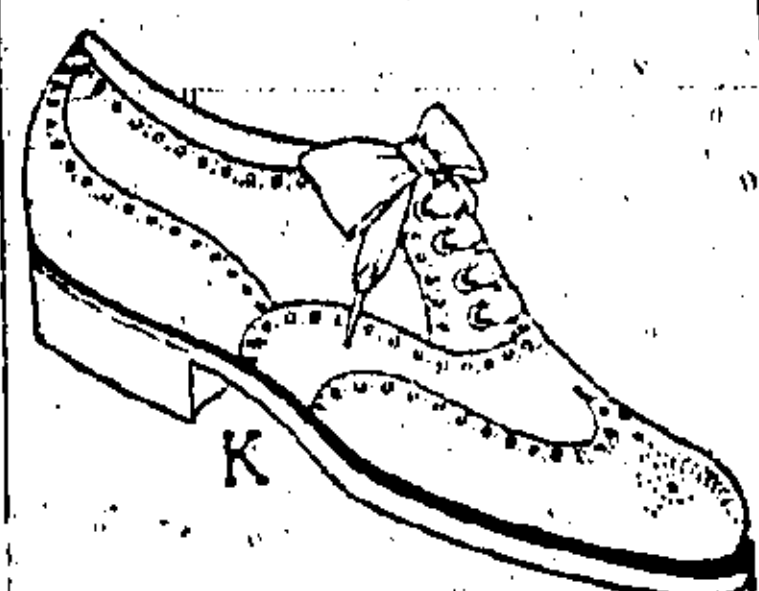
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THE MEDICAL CONFERENCE

DELEGATES WELCOMED BY H.E. THE GOVERNOR.

HONORARY DEGREES CONFERRED BY THE UNIVERSITY.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT'S CONGRATULATORY MESSAGES.

The opening function of the Joint Conference of the China Medical Missionary Association and the Hongkong and China Branch of the British Medical Association took place yesterday afternoon in the City Hall, when a special congregation of the University of Hongkong was held at which H.E. The Chancellor (Sir Edward Stubbs, K.C.M.G.) conferred four degrees, recipients being Dr. H. P. Houghton, Principal of the Peking Union Medical College; Dr. E. Muir, head of the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine; Dr. P. B. Cousland, of Shanghai; and Dr. E. H. Hume, of Tsinanfu.

The procession was as follows:—His Excellency The Chancellor, The Mayor, Dr. Philip Cousland and Dr. Edward Hume, Dr. Henry Houghton and Dr. Ernest Muir, The Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer, The Dean, Faculty of Medicine, and the Dean, Faculty of Engineering, The Dean, Faculty of Arts and the Registrar, H.E. Sir John Fowler, and His Honour Sir Henry Gollan, His Honour Mr. Justice Gompertz and Hon. Sir Claude Severn, Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp and Rt. Rev. Fr. Spada, Hon. Sir Henry Pollock and Hon. Mr. C. M. Messer, Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax and Hon. Mr. H. T. Cressy, Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak and Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, Hon. Mr. Chow Shou Son, and Hon. Mr. R. H. Kewell, Hon. Mr. C. Montague Ede and Dr. J. B. Addison, Sir Robert Ho Tung and Mr. A. H. Barlow, Rev. T. W. Pearce and Mr. Chau Siu Ki, Mr. S. W. Tso and Mr. Ho Fook, Mr. Ho Kom Tong and Mr. Ho Kwong, Mr. G. N. Orme and Mr. G. M. Young, Dr. R. M. Gibson and Mr. H. B. L. Dewbigin, Mr. M. P. Talati and Mr. J. R. Wood, Mr. Mok Kon Sang and Mr. Fung Ping Shan, Prof. H. G. Noble and Prof. W. Brown, Prof. G. T. Brown and Prof. F. A. Redmond, Prof. J. Anderson and Prof. J. L. Shellsham, Prof. W. Faid and Prof. J. W. N. Smith, Dr. C. W. McKenny and Dr. G. H. Thomas, Dr. E. P. Minnett and Rev. J. Romanis Lee, Mr. R. Ponsonby Fane and Mr. D. W. Morley, Mr. A. H. Fenwick and Mr. G. W. Keeton, Dr. Arthur Woo and Dr. S. Y. Wong, Dr. Lai Hsi Chi and Mr. Ai Tai Tin, Dr. J. Fenton and Mr. A. S. Hett.

His Excellency extended on behalf of the Colony a welcome to the medical men present to take part in the Conference. It was a great pleasure, he said, to extend the hospitality of the Colony to so many eminent men who had devoted their lives to the alleviation of human suffering and improvement in the standard of life. He was sure the Colony would value the results of the conference, and he trusted that not only those in the Colony would benefit, but that the whole world would benefit.

His Excellency then declared the congregation opened.

THE VICE-CHANCELLOR'S SPEECH.
The Vice-Chancellor said: Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen,—The University of Hongkong has unanimously decided to confer honorary degrees on four of the Colony's learned guests the highest degree which it can confer. It falls to me to ask Your Excellency, our Chancellor, to confer these degrees. At least three out of the four recipients are better known to many here than they are to me, but I bow to tradition and set myself to review their respective lives. If anything I may say should be found on examination to be not strictly accurate, I hope that I shall be forgiven. "Magna est veritas et prevalebit"; there are the highest precedents for correcting the platform inaccuracies of the Vice-Chancellor in the columns of the local Press.

"For more than a hundred years those Westerners whose lot it has been to come to China have been trying to do something for China's sick. In 1805, Mr. Alexander Pearson, a medical officer of the Hon. the East India Company introduced vaccination into Canton. In 1830 the Rev. Dr. Morrison joined Mr. Livingston, a surgeon of the East India Company in opening an institution for the relief of afflicted Chinese. In 1833, Mr. Colledge, also a surgeon of the East India Company, opened a hospital at Macao. A few years later the Rev. Peter Parker was sent out to China by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions and in 1835 he opened an ophthalmic hospital in Canton. I merely mention this in passing, and that I may

have the opportunity of referring the present merchant princes of Hongkong to a passage which they will find in a book published in 1901—namely "The Medical Missionary in China" by William Lockhart of the London Missionary Society. The author asks to be allowed to make a brief reference to the earliest friends of the Medical Missionary Society "who, by their liberality and personal exertion did so much for its establishment and support." "From the names of many English and American residents," he wrote, "whose lasting honour it is to have materially helped the work, it will not be deemed injudicious to select the names of J. R. Morrison, Wm. Jardine, Lancelot Dent and Alexander Anderson." Mr. Lockhart also relates how Mr. Jardine came to China as surgeon to one of the Hon. East India Company's Ships, but settled in Canton and founded there the celebrated firm which still bears his name. He was, Mr. Lockhart adds, always ready to aid Dr. Parker with his professional knowledge in consultation, as well as in operations, and took a warm interest in all that was done in the hospital.

DR. HUME'S CAREER.
"Dr. Ernest Muir took his degree at Edinburgh University in 1903. He had decided to become a Medical Missionary and the Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society which he had joined sent him to start his career by working under its auspices in Palestine. A scheme for giving to Medical missionaries a training in Palestine had apparently been evolved by the Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society at the suggestion of the Rev. Peter Parker, to whom I have just referred. Later Dr. Muir went to Bengal as a member of the Indian Medical Mission Association and worked mainly at a medical mission centre at Kalna in the Burdwan District of the Bengal Presidency. There Dr. Muir did such good work, especially in connection with researches into Kala-Azar and leprosy, that, on the advice probably of Sir Leonard Rogers, he was given by the Government of Bengal an appointment on the staff of the recently established Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine. There, I understand, he has been working mainly on leprosy and he is coming to Hongkong to tell the Medical Conference what he has found."

"Dr. Muir has published books on "The Diagnosis and Treatment of Leprosy" also on "Kala-Azar, its Diagnosis and Treatment." The first and I believe the last time I ever saw Dr. Muir was at Kalna. A hundred years ago Kalna was a flourishing and healthy port on the banks of a broad and navigable river. Now it is the disease stricken headquarters of a decaying subdivision; the river is silted up and the only centre of the town's activity is now the local law-courts. The Buzalee will litigate with his dying breath, and then bequeath the family law suit to his impoverished heirs. Kalna was once the favourite residence of the great Burdwan Raj, there is still a palace there and here as each Maharaja dies, his ashes are deposited in a new Mausoleum built in a beautiful cemetery. I had come to Kalna with the Maharajadhiraj Bahadur of Burdwan, then a member of the Executive Council of Bengal and incidentally my chief, and I was privileged to visit with him the mausoleum, though debarred of course as a non-Hindu from entering any shrine. The experience was an impressive one but somehow I have always since thought of Dr. Muir as the one really living thing in a city of the dead."

DR. HOUGHTON'S CAREER.
"Dr. Houghton is a doctor of Philosophy and a doctor of Medicine of Johns Hopkins University. He came to China in 1906 and, quickly became associated with the scientific work of the China Medical Missionary Association. His first station was at Wuhu, where he carried out important researches in the parasitology of the Yangtze Valley. From 1909 onwards he was an active member of the research committee and departmental Editor on Parasitology of the China Medical Journal. At the Saigon Congress of 1913 he was Vice-President of the Far Eastern Association of Tropical Medicine. In 1912 the Harvard Medical School of Boston decided to open a school in Shanghai, in connection with the Red Cross Hospital, and Dr. Houghton was appointed to the staff of this school as Dean and Professor of Tropical Medicine. In 1914-5 when the Rockefeller Foundation decided to establish a medical school in Shanghai, Dr. Houghton was chosen to be its first Director. When it was decided to make a start with a school in Peking, Dr. Houghton became acting director of the project

and was engaged in supervising the construction of the buildings. Later, when the Shanghai scheme was abandoned, Dr. Houghton became the Director of the Peking Union Medical College, a post which he still holds. Dr. Houghton is a member of Executive Committee of the China Medical Missionary Association, a member of the Council on Public Health and a Member of the Council on Medical Education. He contributed to the "System of Tropical Medicine" by Ryan and Archibald (an Oxford University publication), an article on a disease of which I have never heard and which I hesitate to pronounce.

"Dr. Houghton's name will always and in particular be associated with the organization of Public Health work in China.

DR. COUSLAND'S CAREER.
"Dr. Cousland is one of the oldest medical missionaries in China. He took his M.B. degree at Edinburgh in 1883 and he is a member of the most eminent order of the Excellent Crop. He came out in 1886 to the English Presbyterian Mission at Szechow. Early in his career he became associated with the work of translating western medical books into Chinese and his name is now definitely established as a pioneer in this work of utility and scholarship. He is Editorial Secretary to the Chinese Medical Translation Committee author of the Anglo-Chinese Medical Lexicon and Translator into Chinese of Osler's "Practice of Medicine," Halliburton's "Physiology" and Younger's "Insanity in Everyday Practice."

Dr. Cousland has also been actively connected with the general work of the China Medical Missionary Association. He was its Secretary and Treasurer in 1907 and its President in 1910-13. He has contributed many scientific papers of general medical interest to the Association's Journal.

"In 1906 the graduates of the University of Yale, acting in co-operation with the Agency of the Province, established a collegiate preparatory school at Chungsha and associated with it a dispensary. This school has now grown into an institution which comprises a Preparatory School with 224 pupils, a college Department with 142 students, a Medical School with 41 students, a school for nurses and a hospital. The University of Yale in China has been incorporated by an act of the Connecticut Legislature which empowers it to confer the B.A., the B.S. and the M.D. degrees.

DR. HUME'S CAREER.
"Dr. Hume came out to Chung-ha the year the school was opened, and of the University, at least, on its medical side he may be said to be the founder. He has won his spurs both as a Professor of Medicine and as an Administrator. He was the first Dean of the Medical School and is now President of the University. Dr. Hume has been a constant contributor to the China Medical Journal on Medicine and Public Health. He was once Assistant Editor of the Journal in Medicine and is accepted by all as an authority on Medical education in China. Dr. Hume has taken a leading part in the attempt to establish Western Medicine in China in close co-operation with the Chinese."

THE UNIVERSITY'S WELCOME.
"The University of Hongkong welcome this accession to the ranks of its honorary graduates. We are glad of this opportunity of complimenting through our new honorary graduates, that great body of devoted men and women who by their work in China and elsewhere are doing what in them lies to reduce the sum of human misery. We are glad to associate ourselves with those who in China and elsewhere are working in the same field as we are and we hope that this Congregation will inaugurate an era of increased sympathy and enhanced mutual understanding. The Hongkong University is still almost in its infancy. What are some dozen years in the life of a University! What the Hongkong University may become depends mainly on our own efforts and the public support which those efforts can secure, but not a little on the approval and goodwill of those who not only in the Far East but in the world generally constitute the cosmopolitan society of University men and women. We the members of this University of Hongkong want to assure you and, through you, that great cosmopolitan society to which I have just referred that, though conscious of our shortcomings, we are in real earnest. We also remind our fellow workers in China that Hongkong is the gateway through which pass all who come and go either from Europe or America. We ask that not one of you will ever pass through Hongkong without stopping long enough at least for the wishing of a mutual God-speed. Every one is always in such a hurry now-a-days; but in spite of engineering and medical facilities, Universities, I still maintain, exist principally to teach us how to enjoy leisure. Perhaps the greatest lesson we western workers in Universities and schools of the East, sorely puzzled and disheartened as we often are, can learn of each other is patience. Education is a factor in nation-building, but Rome was not built in a day.

"Ages of heroes fought and fell
That Homer in the end might tell;
O'er grovelling generations past
Upstood the Doric fane at last;
And countless hearts on countless years
Had wasted thoughts and hopes and fears
Rude laughter and unmeaning tears;
Ere England Shakespeare saw, or Rome
The proud perfection of her dome.
Others I doubt not, if not we,
The issue of our toils shall see;
Young children gather at their own;
The harvest that the dead have sown
The dead, forgotten and unknown."

CONFERRING THE DEGREES.

The Honorary Graduates were introduced by the Vice-Chancellor, and H.E. the Governor then conferred on each the degrees of Doctor of Laws (*honoris causa*).

The Honorary Graduates were:—
Philip B. Cousland, M.B., C.M. (Shanghai).
Edward H. Hume, M.A., M.D. (Tsinanfu).
Henry S. Houghton, Ph.D., M.D. (Principal of Peking Union Medical College).
Ernest Muir, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S. (Principal of Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine).

The last degree was conferred in absentia.

H.E. THE CHANCELLOR then declared the Congregation closed. H.E. called upon Dr. G. E. Aubrey, M.D., Hongkong (President of the British Medical Association) to deliver his address of welcome.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

Dr. G. E. Aubrey, was received with applause, and said it was his privilege to welcome their guests to Hongkong. First of all there were their brethren in the China Medical Missionary Association, which was the oldest society in China. Dr. Aubrey proceeded to give a brief survey of the Association's genesis and progress, mentioning that from a small beginning it had multiplied until to-day 600 carried on the work which 15 had begun. What was it, he asked, that compelled these men to give to China a system of medicine so foreign to their own. It was, to use their own words, the good effect likely to be produced by medical practice among the Chinese especially as tending to bring about a more social and friendly intercourse between them and foreigners.

What better reason could they offer? They laboured to teach the Chinese to help others that some day they might be able to say they had made China safe for the world to live with. It might seem that this ideal was still far from being accomplished; but in the National Medical Association of China they had the first fruits of that great endeavour. This Association, the youngest in China, was composed of Chinese trained in Western medicine. They were as yet comparatively few in number, but they would grow in importance and power and on them the future brunt of the fight would fall.

The President then expressed thanks to the various Medical Associations and institutions in China who had sent representatives including the Peking Union Medical College, the University of Amoy, the Canton Christian College and the University of Hongkong, who had loaned them the buildings for the conference. (Applause.) It only remained for him to express thanks to those gentlemen who had come from afar to grace their conference.

He read telegrams and messages of congratulation he had received including congratulatory scrolls from the Provisional Chief Executive of the Republic of China, Tuan, Chi Jui; the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, Peking; and telegrams from members of the American College of Surgeons and Dr. G. M. Harston, who wired that he sincerely regretted his absence.

In conclusion, the President said Dr. Harston's telegram was very welcome and if it had not been for the misfortune of his illness he would have much more to say than the speaker given the address that afternoon (applause).

DR. JOHN KIRK REPLIES.

The President of the China Medical Missionary Association (Dr. John Kirk, F.R.C.S. (Edin.)) Canton, replied to the address of welcome extended by the President of the British Medical Association. He said it was a very pleasant duty which had fallen to him that afternoon, to offer, on behalf of the China Medical Missionary Association, their acknowledgments and thanks for the welcome that had been extended to them 30 warmly that afternoon. He felt that there was so much to acknowledge that it was difficult to know where to begin; but he would like, in the first place, to tell His Excellency how much they appreciated the fact that he, himself in person had welcomed them there that afternoon (applause.) He was sure he spoke on behalf of all the delegates, as well as himself when he said that this was an honour which they all appreciated. They also appreciated all the comfort and hospitality that had been done to welcome them here and the way they had opened up their hearts and shown hospitality. That was also something which they deeply appreciated (applause.) When he stepped on board the steamer on his journey to Hongkong, a short time ago, one of his friends who came to see him off said: "Well, you are going off to Hongkong, all you doctors, and I have no doubt our health here will be excellent while you are away." (Laughter.) He felt that their friends here in Hongkong were very brave and doing very well in standing up to such a medical invasion as they had done during the last twenty-four hours. About two years ago their Association received this kind invitation to hold a joint conference at Hongkong, and indeed it needed no pressing; he could assure them, for it to be accepted by them all. One of the things that pleased them all was to know that they would be able to hold their conference meetings in the University buildings of Hongkong, buildings suitably adapted for their meetings and where which a university must bring, and giving them the stimulus necessary. They felt that they had honoured them greatly by conferring upon three of their members an honorary degree. That was an honour which they appreciated very highly. Dr. Muir was not there. But he was quite good enough to be a member of the China Medical Association. He was sorry Dr. Muir was not there. He had not seen him for

many years. He remembered him as a schoolmate of his as they sat together in the class-room of their school-room in Edinburgh. Dr. Muir sat behind him and he saw him working out problems in Euclid, in which he himself did not shine. He was looking forward to welcoming him to-morrow (Wednesday). With regard to Dr. Hume, he thought it was most appropriate that he came from Yale University and that his name linked up with that of the first pioneer, Dr. Peter Parker, who was a graduate of the same University in the early days. They felt that Dr. Hume had worthily upheld the tradition of Peter Parker. They thanked His Excellency for this honour which he had conferred upon their Association in honouring their fellow members. They had received a very kind welcome from their professional brethren and members of the British Medical Association in Hongkong. He felt he was that afternoon suffering from one of those psychologic complaints, known as a dual personality. He was a member of the B.M.A. in Hongkong and China and proud to be a member of it. They had looked forward to this conference with stimulus. It was stimulating meeting with so many others of their professional brethren in that conference, and as he looked through the programme that morning and at the work which lay before them he was sure it would be agreed by all that the contents of the programme would favourably compare with the scientific programme of any other medical conference in the world. (Applause.) They rejoiced to meet their comradeship so many of their professional brethren. The Vice-Chancellor had referred to the early days when Dr. Peter Parker came to Hongkong. He had often thought of the debt they owed to Dr. Colledge for his pioneer work. When Dr. Peter Parker came a few years later to Hongkong Dr. Colledge was the first one to welcome him and they became fast and firm friends. Regarding the number of delegates. They were glad that so many had come, although in these days they did not live in the piping times of peace. He was certain that if the circumstances had been more favourable several more in the remote regions would have been present. They would have had more there. One very plaintive letter came into the office the other day from a doctor calling his arrangements to come to the conference. He said he was sorry he could not come as there were about one thousand Chinese soldiers around his home, and it was hardly a convenient time for him. (Laughter.) He was pleased to see so many of their Chinese friends with them at the conference. It was one of their happy experiences to mingle in their scientific tasks with their Chinese medical brethren. Their supreme object here was to help the Chinese to do this great work for themselves. If they could help a little in this way they would feel that the years they had spent in vain, and he looked forward to joining with them in the coming days.

On behalf of the China Medical Association he thanked H.E. the Governor and the President for the very kind welcome they had given the delegates to the Colony that day. He also expressed the hope that the end of the conference would be the beginning of a new conquest and further achievement in the mighty duty they had of alleviating suffering, the uplifting of humanity and the advancement of medical science.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT SENDS CONGRATULATORY MESSAGES.

EXHIBITS ALSO FORWARDED.

In spite of the political chaos and civil strife prevailing throughout the country at the present time, the Chinese Government has been able to give some of its attention to the Medical Conference in the Colony. Congratulatory messages from the Chief Executive Yuan Chi Jui and from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs brought down from Peking by Dr. Robert S. K. Lim, Visiting Professor of physiology at the Peking Union Medical College, will be read at the opening of the Conference to-day. They have been translated and are reproduced below:—

Tuan Chi Jui wrote:—

"Of all the sciences, medicine had the earliest beginning. Already in the reign of Huang Ti, Chih Pen had written medical treatises, and Lei Kung mastered the working of the pulse. The establishment of foreign intercourse has brought the new science of medicine.

From Rome and the extreme West, books like the Nei Ching and the Wei Tai.

The wonders of the balance and the instruments for testing.

In the caves of the Taoist priests they have penetrated to the springs of human life.

Others have nine times fractured their arms to perfect their knowledge of the healing art.

Others employed melons and various internal drugs.

Some have extracted bullets from the breast and cured the all but dead.

Yet are they afraid of being theoretical, which is not in accordance with the precepts of science.

So they gather many people to study the minutest details.

Like the Chien bird of the Western Sea and the Tien fish of the Eastern Continent.

They will come together in one common cause and pursue the same course.

How great is your strength and courage.

May this be the beginning of a millennium of peace!

TUAN CHI JUI.

The Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, Peking, wrote:—

The science of medicine has inherited a noble tradition from the past.

Voluntaries have been accumulated in the Golden Cabinet and inscriptions have been made on Jade Tablets.

(Continued on next column.)

CRIMINAL SESSIONS. MOTORBUS MANSLAUGHTER CASE. DRIVER AND INSPECTOR FOUND GUILTY.

EACH SENTENCED TO 18 MONTHS' IMPRISONMENT.

The Criminal Sessions came to a close yesterday.

In the case in which the driver and inspector employed by the Kai Tak Bus Company were charged with manslaughter, as a sequel to a recent bus accident on the Kowloon City Road, the Jury found both prisoners guilty, and the Chief Justice (Sir Henry Gollan) passed sentence of 18 months' hard labour on each.

The Inspector gave evidence, and contradicting a previous statement he had made, denied taking the wheel from the driver. At the time of the accident the driver was talking to him, and suddenly swerved to the right. He (witness) was standing, and he fell against the steering wheel. The car then ran off the road.

Mr. Brewer, addressing the Jury, asked them to take no notice of the evidence given by the woman passenger. She appeared to be willing to say "yes" to any question. Regarding the question of manslaughter, the Crown had to prove culpable negligence, and they had to decide whether the driver gave up his seat willingly or not. They had, however, to remember that the inspector was the driver's superior, and if the latter did give up the wheel willingly it was only the action of a reasonable man. The evidence, however, tended to show that he offered passive resistance to the Inspector.

His Lordship, in summing up, said the evidence varied, and the Jury were required to use their common-sense as to the probabilities. The most satisfactory witness had said the wheel was given up willingly and at all events it was a serious operation on any road. It was a dangerous operation. It was clear the driver had not the car under control when the accident happened.

After ten minutes the Jury brought in a verdict of "guilty."

There are the six Arts and the Four Schools and those physicians who broke their arms nine times for experiment.

Their art is divine and has a good foundation.

In dealing with disease, their aim is to cure the root of evil.

In prescribing they avoid being one-sided.

In order to reach the truth they probe down to the profoundest secrets.

At Hongkong learned doctors will come together.

Without good physicians, how can we sustain lives?

The modern science is superior to the old as it is more exact.

I wait to see your wonderful results which will outline the past and guide the future.

SEEN JOI LIN.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT EXHIBIT.

The Ministry of Interior, through Dr. C. E. Lim, one of the first graduates of the University, has sent for exhibition during the Conference a handsome showcase containing specimens of vaccines and sera prepared by the Central Epidemic Prevention Bureau at Peking. The Bureau is located in the beautiful grounds of the Temple of Heaven and was founded by the Government a few years ago on the surplus of a million dollars raised for the suppression of pneumonic plague in North China. It is now under the directorship of Dr. S. C. Fang who is assisted by a staff of ten full-time technical experts consisting mostly of medical men with special training abroad. The Bureau is on a sound financial basis, being maintained by regular funds received through the Customs Service. Its activities and expenditures are controlled by an International Board composed of four leading Chinese doctors trained abroad in western medicine and the following foreign physicians in Peking:—Dr. Douglas Gray (Medical Officer, British Legation), Dr. Bousiere (Medical Officer, French Legation), Dr. W. Aspland (Health Officer, Legation, Quarters), and Dr. J. B. Grant (Representative in China of the International Health Board).

The Bureau prepares most of the biologic products of established value, including vaccines and sera, along methods approved by leading government laboratories in England and America. Standard antitoxins are supplied regularly to the Bureau by the Hygienic Laboratory in Washington, D. C. for the standardization of its toxins and antitoxins. An Advisory Board made up of the leading Chinese and foreign pathologists, including Professor Carl Ten Broeck, of the Rockefeller Institute, has been appointed to give expert advice and to conduct an annual inspection of the laboratories of the Bureau in order to ensure the output of products of the highest quality.

In addition the Bureau maintains a chemical and a diagnostic laboratory for serving the medical profession not only of Peking, but also of other cities. Samples for examination are being received from Tientsin, Hankow and other distant places. The Bureau has agencies in Tientsin, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow and Mukden and agencies in South China will be established shortly.

The Bureau is a government institution conducted purely in the interests of medical science and public health and only a nominal charge is made for its products or services. The confidence shown in the Bureau and its products by the medical profession has been a great stimulus to its rapid development and no doubt a greater future awaits this young and growing institution which may mean to China what the Pasteur Institute means to France.

WEMBLEY EXHIBITION.

HONGKONG'S ATTRACTION IN 1921.

THE COLONY'S POSITION THIS YEAR.

"The minor difficulties are not insurmountable and the chances are extremely likely that Hongkong will participate in the 1925 British Empire Exhibition. The Hongkong Government has agreed to exhibit again if certain small conditions, which gave us a great deal of trouble last year, are conceded."

This statement was made to our representative yesterday by the Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., C.B.E., Secretary for Chinese Affairs, and a Commissioner at Wembley during the British Empire Exhibition last year.

The great attraction that was afforded by the Hongkong Pavilion in the British Empire Exhibition during 1924 is outlined below in the interesting account given to our representative by Mr. Hallifax. The position of the Colony with regard to exhibiting again this year and the small concessions, conditions and modifications, which will probably be granted—which are necessary before it does so, are also indicated.

A POPULAR PAVILION.

Dealing with the Colony's section in the Exhibition last year, Mr. Hallifax said the Hongkong Section in 1924 was very good. It was one of the most attractive of all the smaller pavilions. Situated at the very furthest corner of the ground, it was conveniently placed in that it enabled living accommodation for the men to be provided quite near to the pavilion itself. The distance had no effect whatever on the number of visitors. Apart from the fascinating design of the whole pavilion, which was typical and representative of the Colony—it was very much less like a museum than some of the other exhibits tended to be.

The shops with their stocks for sale were all very much alive, and the restaurant was continuously full, at certain hours of the day. In the latter connection it is perhaps worth mentioning that a great deal of harm was suffered because of the way in which the Press wrote of this restaurant as a kind of joke. They were given a great deal of information about the Pavilion and exhibits in general, but the only thing they used was the fact that there was a meal which could be served at a cost of four guineas per head. This meal was an "all Star course Meal," each course coming from a separate province and each one the most expensive in that province.

There were, as a matter of fact, all kinds of meals to be obtained, many at quite reasonable rates, and a number of people who dined there very frequently at similar prices to those of any other restaurant. One item on the menu for instance, was "Chow Min," a very big meal and a very popular one, consisting of rice and bits of eggs, meat and various other edibles. This could be obtained very cheaply.

To continue the story of the exhibition, it was curious that there was little using in the Hongkong section after eight o'clock in the evening. There were not the usual after-dinner visitors, as might have been seen in the case of the White City or Olympia. The standing exhibits, dock-models, the models of the Colony and most especially of Hongkong by night proved a very popular and interesting attraction, drawing continuous crowds to it. Altogether the section was a very faithful representation of the Colony. Visitors would stand for hours studying each movement of the Process Workers.

The Silk Worm Exhibit, staged entirely by Lady Ho Tung, was very popular. This exhibit compared very favourably indeed with anything of its kind in the whole Exhibition. The Colony's section was a little cramped for space and it was found absolutely necessary to make a charge for entrance to the silk worm exhibit, as a means of reducing, or attempting to regulate, the constant influx of visitors to it. Even so it was continuously full, even uncomfortably so at times.

THE EXHIBITION AS A WHOLE.

The Exhibition as a whole was such an enormous affair and of such an entirely new nature, that it took representatives of the producing Dominions and Colonies, who all came extremely well equipped to further Imperial Trade, rather a long time to see how they could best make use of the opportunities provided; and it was only towards the end that a series of regular discussions with separate trades were organized, and it was out of these discussions that the opportunities afforded began to become clear. It is in order to make full use of the experience so gained rather late last year that the producing Dominions and Colonies are in favour of repeating and continuing the Exhibition again this year. They have, of course, put a great deal of money into the buildings and exhibits in general, and they feel that there is still a real use to be made of the Exhibition. The guarantors, of course—one being H.M. Government for £200,000—are not averse to running the Exhibition for another year, as it may provide an opportunity of making good some of the loss (£1,950,000), which the circumstances of last year, largely the extremely bad weather, occasioned. In connection with Trade it is worthy of mention that a great number of visitors congregated in the Importers and Exporters' section; and a great number of enquiries were made. It was very difficult anywhere in the Exhibition for people who wanted to do business to get undivided attention for long enough to accomplish their purpose to the best satisfaction. The crowds were too big. Therefore, there is a great deal in the suggestion that this year there should be something in the nature of a day set apart each week as a "Trade Day" to facilitate discussions and business between the trades.

PARTICIPATION THIS YEAR.

Coming to the Colony's position with regard to the 1925 Exhibition, the Hon. Mr. Hallifax said:— "Hongkong is not a producing centre of the Empire and in any event if there were peace in China, we should have as much trade as we could manage in the natural course, and meanwhile the Exhibition can do little good to us by way of Trade Advertisement. We are, however, asked to assist in the general effect upon the Empire as a whole if the Exhibition is to continue as a British Empire Exhibition in 1925."

The whole idea of the continuance of the Exhibition is to enhance the general effect of an advertisement of the Empire as a whole. Any serious gaps among the pavilions, as they existed last year, would seriously detract from the general effect. Several of the Dominions concerned have put down as one of the most valuable results of the Exhibition that they are overcoming the prejudices against Colonial produce. This affects only the producing colonies, however, and not Hongkong, which could only assist in the general effect.

The Government has agreed to exhibit again this year if certain small conditions are conceded on subjects which gave Hongkong a great deal of trouble last year. If the modifications and concessions, which are but small, are granted, then the Colony has decided to support the Exhibition again this year. Some of the conditions asked for are a certain elasticity in the customs, licences and Home regulations, suitable to the special circumstances of the Exhibition. If these conditions are obtained, the restaurant and the whole of the exhibits in the Hongkong Section will be carried on as last year, except that it is proposed to extend the Process Workers side of the Pavilion, and also to manage everything in the section—sales and everything—under direct Government account. This means that a Government personnel will staff the Pavilion and will be paid a fixed salary, so that there will be no private exhibitors in it making profits. The whole thing will be Government managed and staffed. There may be some difficulty in obtaining sufficient staff, but this will in all probability be only a small one and quickly overcome."

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE VIEW.

The joint Committee of the Chambers of Commerce in charge of the Hongkong section of the British Empire Exhibition passed the following resolution at their last meeting:—

(1) "That Hongkong should participate in the Exhibition in 1925, not in the hope of immediate benefit to the Colony, but on Imperial grounds."

(2) "That the Government be asked to make a grant of \$200,000 for working expenses, with a further \$100,000 for the financing of stock, which would be recovered by sales, and profit to go to the reduction of working expenses."

The cost last year should fall within the total estimated, \$550,000, and the accounts of the separate traders, whose total turnover for the period of the Exhibition reached nearly £45,000, should make it unnecessary to draw in any way on the guarantees of \$100,000 from the Hongkong Government and \$50,000 from the Chinese Chamber of Commerce.

"The minor difficulties are not insurmountable," concluded Mr. Hallifax, "and there is great likelihood that Hongkong will participate in the 1925 Exhibition. We are now simply waiting for the answer from Home, in reply to our request for certain elasticity in connection with the small conditions mentioned. We have insisted on an answer by the end of the month, otherwise we shall not be able to be ready in time. As it is, we shall be pushed for time, but if the reply is satisfactory, we shall then start collecting and arranging the personnel."

TRIBUTE TO MR. HALLIFAX.

The Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce (Mr. M. F. Key) informed our representative that at the last meeting of the Joint Chambers of Commerce, the Chairman said he thought they ought to record their sense of very great appreciation of the extraordinarily able and patient manner in which Mr. Hallifax had carried out the work entrusted to him at Home. They expressed sympathy with him in the many difficulties with which he had to deal, and admiration at the skill and patience with which he had performed his task.

RAID ON PIRATE'S LAIR.

ONE KILLED AND EIGHTEEN ARE CAPTURED AT BIAS BAY.

Lieutenant-Commander Ingham, R.N., was present on the invitation of General Wong Suk Chi, when the latter's troops conducted operations, on Monday and yesterday, against a gang of pirates and robbers at Bias Bay. As a result of the operations, which were completely successful, 17 alleged robbers were captured and another killed.

It was at Bias Bay, it will be remembered, where the pirates landed on Saturday last, after their coup on board the s.s. Hong Hua.

Lieut. Comdr. Ingham returned to Hongkong last night, but was unable to give any details of the operations carried out by General Wong, who is an officer in General Chan Kwong Ming's forces.

There was no British vessel—either naval or police—within six miles of the spot where the bandit stronghold was captured. A *Daily Press* representative was given to understand yesterday morning however, that the Chinese had reason to believe that they could rely on British assistance from the sea should they require it.

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PARTS 1-2

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PARTS 1-2

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PARTS 1-2-3

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CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TEST CRICKET.

AUSTRALIA STILL HOLDS STRONG POSITION.

FIVE EFFORT BY HENDREN.

ADELAIDE, January 19th.

When stumps were drawn to-day, England's 1st innings had realised 333 and the Australians had lost 4 wickets for 211 in their second innings. The weather was again fine but the wicket is showing signs of wearing.

Hobbs' innings was a magnificent effort. He was batting nearly three hours. He hit seven fours and showed great tenacity of purpose.

Henderson was a model of correctness, and was most unfortunate in not reaching the first century of his career in Test matches. He was caught by Taylor off the first faulty stroke in an innings that lasted 34 hours and obtained eight fours.

England's innings lasted seven minutes over seven hours.

After Australia had lost Collins, A. Richardson and Taylor for 126, Ryder and Ponsford collared the English bowling and scored freely and easily all round the wicket.

The second century was registered after 2 hours, 47 minutes play.

Ryder's aggregate in this match is the greatest ever made by an Australian against England in a Test match. To-day he gave a brilliant and forceful display of driving, hitting seven fours. He has been batting two hours. Ponsford, who has been at the wickets 31 minutes, has given a sound and confident display.

He has hit five fours. All England's "injured" are fielding, but Gilligan is not bowling.

The crowd to-day only numbered 8,000. The position at present is—

AUSTRALIA.

1st Innings.

H. L. Collins, b. Tate	3
A. Richardson, b. Kilner	68
J. M. Gregory, b. Freeman	6
J. M. Taylor, l.b.w., b. Tate	0
M. Ponsford, c. Strudwick, b. Gilligan	31
V. Richardson, c. Whysall, b. Kilner	4
J. S. Ryder, not out	201
T. J. E. Andrews, b. Strudwick	72
C. Kellaway, c. Strudwick, b. Woolley	46
W. A. Oldfield, l.b.w., b. Kilner	47
A. Mailey, st. Strudwick, b. Hendren	27
Extras	13
Total	489

FALL OF WICKETS.

1/10, 2/19, 3/22, 4/114, 5/118, 6/119, 7/253, 8/305, 9/416, 10/489.

Bowling Analysis.

	R.	W.
Tate	43	2
Gilligan	17	1
Freeman	107	1
Woolley	135	1
Kilner	127	4
Hobbs	11	0
Whysall	9	0
Hendren	27	1

ENGLAND.

1st Innings.

W. W. Whysall, b. Gregory	9
M. W. Tate, c. Andrews, b. Mailey	27
H. Strudwick, c. Gregory, b. Kellaway	26
A. P. F. Chapman, b. Gregory	1
J. B. Hobbs, c. Gregory, b. Mailey	119
H. Sutcliffe, c. Oldfield, b. Ryder	33
F. E. Woolley, c. Andrews, b. Mailey	16
E. Hendren, c. Taylor, b. Gregory	62
R. Kilner, l.b.w., b. A. Richardson	2
A. E. H. Gilligan, c. Collins, b. A. Richardson	9
A. P. Freeman, not out	6
Extras	21
Total	365

Bowling Analysis.

	R.	W.
Gregory	111	3
Kellaway	24	1
Mailey	134	3
A. Richardson	42	2
Ryder	12	1
Collins	19	0

FALL OF WICKETS.

1/8, 2/12, 3/67, 4/60, 5/150, 6/180, 7/207, 8/316, 9/328, 10/355.

AUSTRALIA.

2nd Innings.

H. L. Collins, b. Freeman	26
A. Richardson, c. Kilner, b. Woolley	14
J. S. Ryder, not out	58
J. M. Taylor, b. Freeman	54
M. Ponsford, not out	40
Extras	11
Total (for 3 wickets)	211

Fall of Wickets.

1/36, 2/63, 3/123.

LATEST CABLES.

AFFAIRS IN INDIA.

VICEROY'S SPEECH ON STATE OCCASION AT DELHI.

DELHI, January 20th.

The Legislature was opened to-day in state. Lord Reading, the Viceroy, in a speech, welcomed the presence of prominent Afghan officers at the recent army manoeuvres, which was a token of the friendly relations between India and the Amir of Afghanistan, while the general pacification of Waziristan continued.

The Viceroy referred to India's excellent crop prospects and said there was a marked improvement in economic conditions and trade prospects. The Government had decided to appoint a committee to consider the rupee exchange. Another committee would advise with regard to an enquiry on economic conditions. The Viceroy fully supported the special criminal legislation in Bengal. He said the measures taken by the Governor were the only possible remedy, as to have consulted the Legislature beforehand would have meant fatal publicity. The Government was dealing with widespread secret societies with many ramifications and it was essential to prevent the paralysis of Government. Law and order and political progress could not have any lot or part with terrorism.

The Viceroy expressed satisfaction that a Hindu-Muslim agreement had been reached at Kohat and trusted the high tension between the two communities throughout India would be relieved. Government was most anxious to promote harmony and goodwill.

FRANCE AND SOVIET.

M. HERRIOT SPEAKS HIS MIND TO M. KRASSIN.

PARIS, January 19th.

According to the newspapers, M. Herriot conversing with M. Krassin yesterday, characterised the Rykov settlement, mentioned on January 18th, as an interference in French internal affairs and breach of the Soviet's undertaking. M. Herriot, French Ambassador at Moscow, saying that M. Litvinov, while disputing the necessity of paying, declared the Soviet never said it would not pay. M. Herriot replied that French public opinion would find it difficult to understand such subtlety. M. Herriot declared that if such were going to be the tactics of the Soviet, the forthcoming negotiations would open under very bad auspices.

ELECTIONS IN FRANCE.

GOVERNMENTAL BLOC RECEIVES SET BACK.

PARIS, January 20th.

The Governmental bloc has received a setback, losing a by-election for the first time since the general elections last May. The Opposition candidate for the Loiret (Cher department, who was heavily defeated in May, has turned the tables on his Radical opponent in a straight fight on the policy of the Left bloc. The Opposition Press hailed the result as the turning-point.

THE PURSE OF FRANCE.

HERRIOT ORDERS STRINGS TO BE TIGHTENED.

PARIS, January 20th.

M. Herriot, having gathered in his private room, at the Quai d'Orsay, the controllers appointed to superintend the accounts of every Government service, impressed upon them that they must do their utmost to cut down public expenditure. They must authorize only indispensable items.—Herald.

"QUEEN OF ISLAM."

ABDEL KERIM IN COMPLIMENT TO FRANCE.

PARIS, January 20th.

Abdel Kerim, interviewed by the special correspondent of *Le Journal*, expressed his earnest desire to reach an agreement with France, whom he considers as the "Queen of Islam," because she helps and does not oppress Moslems.

Abdel Kerim would like Frenchmen to co-operate in the economical working of Rif. He hopes France will be able to find a basis of agreement between himself and the Sultan of Morocco.—Herald.

THE CASE OF TROTSKY.

MOSCOW, January 19th.

The Central Committee of the Communist Party carried the resolutions, concerning Trotsky, by 50 votes to 2.

[A message from Moscow yesterday stated that a semi-official plenary session between the executive committee and the central control committee of the Russian Communists has passed a resolution that, owing to Trotsky's attitude towards Leninism, it is impossible that he shall retain control of the army or a post on the revolutionary war council, and warning him that unless he submits to party discipline he will be removed from the political bureau and execution committee.]

A POSITIVE DANGER.

PERTH, W. Australia, Jan. 20th.

The Hon. Philip Collier, the Premier of Western Australia, in a speech here before leaving for London, said it was a positive danger for half the great continent of Australia to remain unoccupied.

OIL IN RUSSIA.

MOSCOW, January 19th.

According to the Rosta agency, the first direct transaction of the French Government which will be carried out will be a contract with a Russian oil syndicate to supply the French Ministry of Marine with seventy-five thousand tons of mazout oil.

EARLIER CABLES.

OPIUM CONFERENCE.

VISCOUNT CECIL GIVES VIEWS OF BRITAIN.

GENEVA, January 19th.

The second opium conference was opened with a long speech by Viscount Cecil, in which he expressed the strong views of the British Government in favour of practical conclusions.

He declared that Britain desired to end opium-smoking, and emphasised that the derivatives of opium were the most serious aspect of the problem. The conference would be a failure if it failed to deal with these. He stated that opium eating in India was purely a domestic question, and not a matter for international interference or control. As for opium in India, effective, Indian opium was not used in the manufacture of harmful drugs.

He paid a tribute to the past efforts of China to restrict cultivation of the poppy; as also the British Colonial administrators.

Lord Cecil offered that the British Government would undertake to abolish opium-smoking in British Far Eastern territories in which smoking was temporarily authorised within a period of not more than fifteen years from the date on which effective measures by China to suppress cultivation reached a stage where there was no danger of smuggling from China into those territories. He proposed that this stage should be decided by a League commission, whose decision would be final.

The speech was warmly applauded. M. D'Aladier (France) endorsed Lord Cecil's remarks.

The upshot of the debate was unfavourable to the American suggestions.

POLICY OF GERMANY.

STATEMENT BY CHANCELLOR IN REICHSRAT.

BERLIN, January 19th.

In a crowded Reichsrat, Dr. Lohner (the Chancellor) outlined the new Government's policy and promised a peaceful foreign policy based on the main points of the London agreement, which would be loyally carried out.

He deplored the non-evacuation of Cologne, as to which he insisted that the Allies must supply documentary evidence of Germany's alleged infractions of treaty, in order that the German Government would be enabled to reply.

As regards Germany's position towards the League of Nations, the Chancellor drew attention to the late Government's memorandum to the Council, and declared the Government would continue its efforts to relieve the country from the reproaches of war guilt.

He emphasised the intention of increasing exports, and opposing any effort to restrict Germany's commercial freedom. He concluded by sketching the domestic policy, notably regarding unemployment, housing and taxation reform.

The speech was quietly received, except for a few Communist interruptions.

ALLEGED CONSPIRACY.

RUMOURED PLOT TO BLOW UP WARSHIPS.

LONDON, January 19th.

The arrests of five men and one woman alleged to be members of an Irish Republican organisation concerned with a plot to blow up warships had a sequel at Bow Street to-day, when two of the men were remanded for a week.

Jeremiah Joseph O'Leary, a dockyard shipwright from Portsmouth, was charged with communicating information about Haslar dockyard to Cyril McGough, a civil servant, of London, who is charged with receiving it.

The woman was released, and the three other men were detained, though up to the present no charge has been preferred against them.

THE GOLD STANDARD.

SWEDEN INTERESTED IN BRITISH ACTION.

LONDON, January 19th.

With reference to the *Morning Post* comments, a Swedish authoritative source points out that Sweden is naturally very interested in Britain's action regarding the gold standard, but Sweden had already returned to the gold standard on April 1st, 1924.

WHITE AUSTRALIA.

SUGGESTION TO CREATE NEW STATE.

BRISBANE, January 19th.

In a speech after turning the first sod of the new Ryook-South Brisbane railway, the first phase of the scheme to unify the railway gauge, which is estimated to cost twenty-one millions sterling, Mr. Theodore, the Premier of Queensland, suggested that the Commonwealth Government should create a new State comprising the northern portion of the Northern Territory and the north-west district of Western Australia. A provisional Government should be appointed for five years, and the Federal Government should grant a loan of twenty millions sterling for development purposes.

He expressed the opinion that this was the surest means of settling North Australia and safeguarding the "white Australia" policy. He stated that if some Power which to-day was friendly should raise the question of whether Australia was developing North Australia properly, and was entitled to maintain exclusive possession of this territory, the question might have to be settled under the terms of the protocol recently adopted by the League of Nations whose decision might be against Australia.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PERSIA AND OPIUM.

HIGH TRIBUTE PAID IN LETTER TO TIMES.

SCATHING COMMENT ON "ABUSE."

LONDON, January 19th.

A high tribute is paid to Persia's efforts to restrict the consumption, and control the production of opium, by Sir Arnold Wilson, in a letter to the *Times*, to which end, he says, no Eastern country has been so energetic and successful in recent years. But, in pointing out that Persia's opium trade involves a quarter of her exports and one-twelfth of the revenues, Sir Arnold Wilson remarks: "Any attempt to compel Persia to interfere therewith in the interest of those unfortunate in the United States who, deprived of alcohol, have taken to drugs, is bound to arouse—as the action of the Persian Government has already aroused—organised opposition from the most powerful classes and also from the masses in Persia."

Sir Arnold concludes that apparently for the sake of the polyglot communities of the new world, it is desirable to circumscribe the liberties of eastern races who can use, without abusing, stimulants.

LEADER IN "TIMES."

After alluding to the difficulty owing to opium's value to the revenues of the Straits Settlements, Hongkong and India, the *Times* in a leader, asserts the key to the opium situation is China. It adds that recent years have shown a grievous recrudescence of the production and export of opium from China, where "curly Tichus" deliberately have encouraged the cultivation of the poppy where they have obtained the simplest means of paying their turbulent soldiery.

[FROM THE "DAILY BULLETIN"]

HISTORIC BATTLESHIP.

"SAVE THE MIKASA" SOCIETY FORMED IN TOKYO.

TOKYO, January 19th.

Having received consent from all the signatories to the Naval Treaty, as well as that of the navy, the "Save the Mikasa" Society, with Admiral Togo a Hon. President, this afternoon, decided to preserve the historic battleship, which was to be scrapped under the terms of the Naval Treaty, as a national memorial.

The present state of the *Mikasa* renders it impossible to move her from Yokosuka, where the memorial is to be established. The navy has contributed "the cost of scrapping the vessel towards the preservation fund, for which a national appeal is being made.

[FROM THE "DAILY BULLETIN"]

DEFENCE OF SHANGHAI.

FOREIGN NAVAL AND MUNICIPAL CONFERENCE.

SHANGHAI, January 19th.

An important conference between the naval authorities in Shanghai and the representatives of the Municipal Council was held yesterday to consider measures to defend the Settlement, necessitated by the possibility of Chi Hsieh Yuan's forces falling back on Shanghai in the event of a further defeat.

The principal trouble to be apprehended at the moment is similar to that experienced last week, when thousands of the defeated troops poured over the boundaries into the Settlement and the French Concession.

It is understood that at the meeting, which was presided over by the Japanese Admiral Nomura, in the absence of Admiral Murray Anderson, who is at present the senior naval officer in port, it was resolved that this should not be again allowed.

In the event of the defeated army falling back on Shanghai, every effort should be made to deflect them to another quarter, and if necessary forcibly.

INTERRED SOLDIERS LEAVE.

The departure of Chang Yuan Ming's 12,000 interned soldiers yesterday and to-day relieves Shanghai of considerable apprehension, as it had been feared that they might break out of the internment camps and loot.

This relief, however, is only temporary, as it is feared that Chi Hsieh Yuan's army will be completely defeated and his routed army appear on the borders of the Settlement.

The presence of a brigade of Russians with Lu Yung Hsiang's forces is also thought likely to complicate the situation. The Chinese telegraph wires are cut and no messages are being accepted for Hankow to-day.

HOME FOOTBALL.

ANOTHER DECISION REACHED IN ENGLISH CUP.

LONDON, January 19th.

In the first round Cup replay, Cardiff beat Darlington by 2 to nil, at Liverpool.

In the "soccer" trial, the South beat the North by 3 goals to one, at Chelsea.

AUSTRALIAN SEAMEN.

OVERSEA VESSELS MAY SOON BE INVOLVED.

MELBOURNE, January 19th.

The seamen have refused to serve on overseas ships except under Australian rates and conditions.

This appears the first step to involve overseas vessels in the shipping trouble.

POLITICAL SITUATION IN CHINA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LULL IN FIGHTING.

LOOTING REPORTED IN VICINITY OF WUSIH.

SHANGHAI, January 20th.

No further fighting is reported to-day. Chi Hsieh Yuan's forces are concentrating on a line from Wusih to Kiangyin, 60 miles from Shanghai. A train is derailed each side of Wusih, rendering it locomotives and hundreds of coaches immobile.

Chi Hsieh Yuan's forces are already short of food and looting considerably around Wusih, the gates of which are closed.

While foreigners in Shanghai do not entertain any fears in connection with the situation, the need is felt for a larger force of troops for protection of the Settlement. The position would be much safer if defeated troops were not allowed to come over the borders of the Settlement and suggestions have been made for a line of defence 10 to 15 miles outside.

This would require a force of several thousand, whereas at present there are only about 3,000 defenders, including 1,800 Volunteers who are mostly business men.

U.S. NAVAL DESTROYERS.

FLEET AWAITING ORDERS OUTSIDE CORREGIDOR.

MANILA, January 20th.

The U.S. Naval authorities state the destroyers, which were reported to have left for Shanghai, are standing by outside Corregidor, uncertain whether to continue to China.

REHABILITATION CONFERENCE.

DR. SUN YAT SEN RAISES MANY OBJECTIONS.

PEKING, January 19th.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen replying to Tuan Chi Ju's invitation to attend the Rehabilitation Conference, says the proposed Conference differs from the preliminary Conference proposed in his manifesto issued at Canton on November 13th, firstly, because, in addition to preparing the convocation of the People's Assembly it was empowered to deal with and take binding decisions on financial and military questions confronting the nation; secondly it excludes from the deliberations various peoples' organisations. "You also adopt the principle of appointing those holding power and ignore the rights of the people. I fear, therefore, that your Conference, constituted as it is, will prove as much a failure as those preceding it. Let us give back to the people their right position as masters and let the Government again be their servants."

[FROM THE "DAILY BULLETIN"]

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ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL.

WORLD-WIDE APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

The following telegram has been received by His Excellency the Governor from Sir Roderick Jones, Chairman of "Reuter's":—

"Reuter's" have undertaken to collect abroad subscriptions in response to the appeal by the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's Cathedral (through the London *Times*) for St. Paul's Cathedral preservation fund. Similar funds are being started in all parts of the Empire. The King, the Prince of Wales and other members of the royal family have headed the London list. It is hoped that Your Excellency will be pleased to become patron of the Hongkong fund. St. Paul's is a National Monument and it is felt that the appeal will touch the hearts of the people of the British Empire everywhere, irrespective of race or creed and not least of all those of British birth.

Subscriptions will be received at Reuter's office in Hongkong and, through the courtesy of the press, they will be acknowledged in the newspapers. The names and amounts will also be cabled regularly to the London *Times* and be printed in that paper.

The appeal requires no recommendation from me and I am confident it will command the support of Your Excellency and the people of Hongkong.

Roderick Jones, Chairman of "Reuter's."

TO INTENDING SUBSCRIBERS.

The appeal of the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's Cathedral through the medium of the *Times*, for funds enabling them to carry out what is hoped will be the final effort to safeguard the Cathedral for generations to come has met with magnificent responses in the United Kingdom but, in view of the fact that the sum required may approximate £25,000 an appeal is being made to the peoples of the British Empire throughout the world to assist in preserving the Great National Memorial, which is their heritage to whatever communion they belong.

The main task of those responsible for the safety of the Cathedral is strengthening the massive piers which support the famous dome. The piers were filled internally with rubble, mainly composed of old bricks left upon the site of the old Cathedral after the great fire of London. This defect is now painfully apparent. The system of injecting cement under pressure into the piers so as to fill up the interstices to give new life to these enormous columns has been tried with success and it is the continued and complete application of this process, or some alternative, which necessitates the present appeal for funds. Unless the appeal is successful it may be necessary in view of the danger to the whole structure to close the Cathedral and dismantle the dome, thus depriving over-seas visitors and pilgrims for years to come of the privilege of entering the Empire's National Monument.

Reuter's have undertaken to collect subscriptions abroad and these will be received in the Far East at Reuter's offices in Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Tokyo and Singapore, and through the courtesy of the Press will be acknowledged in the local newspapers. The names and amounts also will be cabled regularly by Reuter's to the *Times* and be printed in that newspaper.

Subscriptions, which will be duly acknowledged should be sent to Messrs. Reuter's Princes Building, 1 Ice House Street, and envelopes should be marked "Saint Paul's Fund." Cheques should be crossed and made payable to St. Paul's Cathedral Restoration (Hongkong) Fund.

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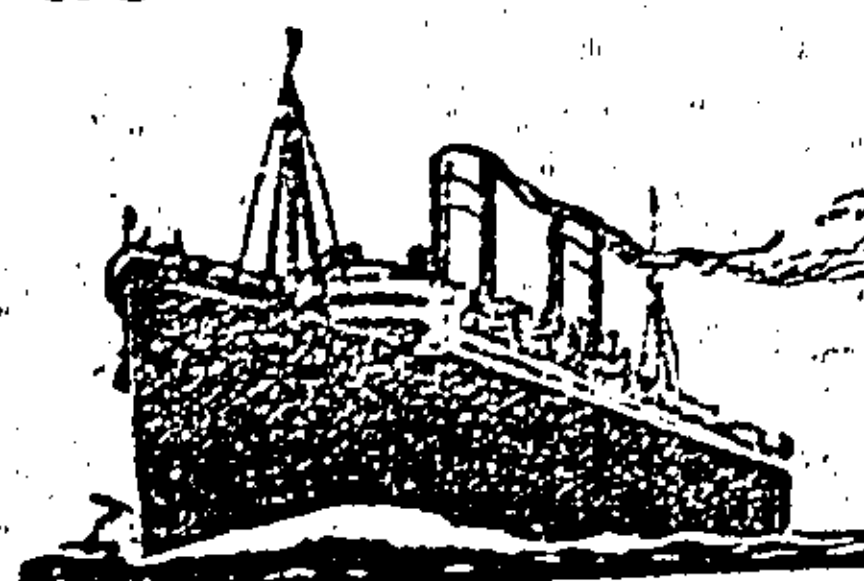
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HAMBURG via LONDON & ROTTERDAM.
Middle of March.

DURBAN MARU			
LIVERPOOL via ADEN & MARSEILLES.	Sunday,	4th Feb.	
LIMA MARU			
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE	via Manila	Forts.	
MISBIMA MARU			
NEW YORK & BOSTON	via PANAMA.	Wednesday,	18th Feb.
TAKETOYO MARU		Friday,	13th Feb.
BUENOS AIRES	via Singapore, Durban & Cape Town.		
KAMAKURA MARU		Wednesday,	14th Mar.
BOMBAY	via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.		
PENANG AIR		Wednesday,	21st Jan.
MORIOKA MARU		Tuesday,	27th Jan.
CALCUTTA	via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.		
MOJI MARU		Friday,	30th Jan.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.			
TANGO MARU		Thursday,	12th Feb. at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.			
ASUKA MARU		Wednesday,	31st Jan.
TOBA MARU		Saturday,	24th Jan.
AKITA MARU		Sunday,	24th Jan.
KATORI MARU		Tuesday,	27th Jan.
<p>For further information, apply to— Telephone Central Nos. 293, 293 & 2422. NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA. Y. YAMAMOTO, Manager,</p>			

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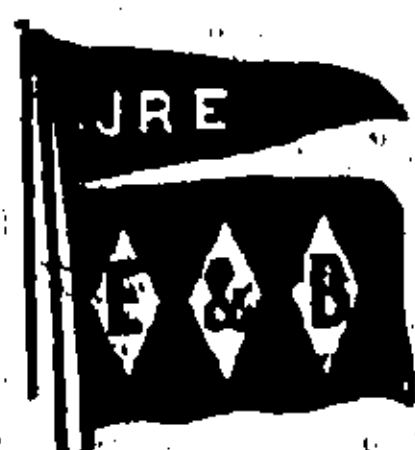
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"MOREA"	8,911	7th Feb.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'bay.
"DONGOLA"	8,983	8th Feb.	Marseilles & London.
"SARDINIA"	6,884	18th Feb.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'bay.
"KASHMIR"	8,963	21st Feb.	Marseilles & London.
"MALWA"	10,941	7th Mar.	Marseilles & London.
"SOUFAN"	6,886	18th Mar.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'bay.
"KASHGAR"	8,906	21st Mar.	Marseilles & London.
"SICILIA"	8,913	31st Mar.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'bay.
"MANTUA"	10,902	4th Apr.	Marseilles & London.
"KARMAIA"	8,908	18th Apr.	Mars., London, & Antwerp.
"MAEDONIA"	11,089	2nd May	Marseilles & London.
"NAGOYA"	6,884	16th May	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'bay.
"SARDINIA"	6,884	16th May	Marseilles & London.
"MOREA"	10,911	30th May	Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN"	9,118	13th June	Mars., London & Antwerp.
"MALWA"	10,941	27th June	Marseilles & London.
"KASHMIR"	8,963	11th July	Mars., London & Antwerp.
"MANTUA"	10,902	25th July	Marseilles & London.

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"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th Feb.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
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"TILAWA"	10,000	24th Jan.	Moji & Kobe
"KASHMIR"	8,963	26th Jan., 10 a.m.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"SARDINIA"	8,983	27th Jan., D.L.	do.
"TALAMBA"	8,500	4th Feb.	Kobe.
"MALWA"	10,941	7th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"TANDA"	4,958	7th Feb.	Moji & Kobe.
"KASHGAR"	8,906	21st Feb.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"SOUFAN"	6,886	21st Feb.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"SICILIA"	8,913	7th Mar.	do.
"ARAFURA"	8,000	7th Mar.	Moji & Kobe.
"MANTUA"	10,902	7th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"KARMAIA"	8,908	21st Mar.	do.
"MAEDONIA"	11,089	2nd Apr.	do.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th Apr.	Moji & Kobe.
"SARDINIA"	6,884	17th Apr.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"NAGOYA"	6,884	23rd Apr.	do.
"MOREA"	10,911	1st May	do.
"TANDA"	4,958	9th May	Moji & Kobe.
"KALYAN"	9,118	15th May	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"MALWA"	10,941	29th May	do.
"ARAFURA"	8,000	6th June	Moji & Kobe.
"KASHMIR"	8,963	19th June	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"MANTUA"	10,902	26th June	do.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th July	Moji & Kobe.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

*Passengers for Hongkong must carry their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while waiting on the carrying steamer.
 All Cables are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
 Parcels Messing not more than 24 lb. x 1 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

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 (23 days to San Francisco. 25 days to Los Angeles).

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U.S.S. "WEST CHOPAKA"	...	Leave Hongkong 31st Jan.
...	...	Due Hongkong 13th Feb.
...	...	Leave Hongkong 14th Feb.

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...	...	Leave Hongkong 12th Feb.

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U.S.S. "WEST CARMONA"	...	Due Hongkong 21st Jan.
...	...	Leave Hongkong 22nd Jan.

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CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

SAILINGS, SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

Port	Steamer	Date of Departure	D.L.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"CHUSAN"	On 21st Jan.	D.L.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 22nd Jan.	D.L.
DALNY & TIENTSIN	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	D.L.
HOLHOW & HAIPHONG	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	Noon
HAIPHONG	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	D.L.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	11 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	Noon
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KANKING"	On 23rd Jan.	11 a.m.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Excellent Saloon accommodation and ships, with Electric Fans fitted. Regular service four times weekly between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai leaving Hongkong Sundays (via Swatow and extending to Fookow), Tuesdays (via Amoy, Thursday (via Swatow) and Saturdays (direct extending to Tientsin). Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and North China ports. Passengers for Shanghai do not require to tranship at Woosung.

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AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS
 SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

Steamer	Due at Hongkong on or about	Due to sail for Manila, Port Bango, Thursday Is., & Ana. Ports on or about
"TAIYUAN"	23rd Feb., "	23rd Feb., "

This Steamer is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice Fresh Provisions, etc., and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State Rooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

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S.S. "NUMIDIA"	...	Sails about 25th Feb., "
S.S. "LACONIA"	...	Sails about 9th Mar., "
S.S. "FIUME-L"	...	Sails about 27th Mar., "

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